- **87**. The method of claim **76**, further comprising performing steps (a) and (b) a second time to determine the antigenic stability of the antigen over time.
  - 88. The method of claim 76, further comprising:
  - (c) contacting a sample comprising said antigen with a second antibody or antibody fragment having clone-paired heavy and light chain CDR sequences from Tables 3 and 4, respectively; and
  - (d) determining antigenic integrity of said antigen by detectable binding of said second antibody or antibody fragment to said antigen.
- **89**. The method of claim **88**, wherein the second antibody or antibody fragment is encoded by clone-paired variable sequences as set forth in Table 1.
- **90**. The method of claim **89**, wherein said second antibody or antibody fragment is encoded by light and heavy chain variable sequences having 70%, 80%, or 90% identity to clone-paired variable sequences as set forth in Table 1.
- 91. The method of claim 89, wherein said second antibody or antibody fragment is encoded by light and heavy chain variable sequences having 95% identity to clone-paired sequences as set forth in Table 1.
- **92**. The method of claim **89**, wherein said second antibody or antibody fragment comprises light and heavy chain variable sequences according to clone-paired sequences from Table 2.
- 93. The method of claim 89, wherein said second antibody or antibody fragment comprises light and heavy chain variable sequences having 70%, 80% or 90% identity to clone-paired sequences from Table 2.
- **94.** The method of claim **89**, wherein said second antibody or antibody fragment comprises light and heavy chain variable sequences having 95% identity to clone-paired sequences from Table 2.

- **95**. The method of claim **89**, wherein the second antibody fragment is a recombinant scFv (single chain fragment variable) antibody, Fab fragment, F(ab')2 fragment, or Fv fragment.
- **96**. The method of claim **89**, further comprising performing steps (c) and (d) a second time to determine the antigenic stability of the antigen over time.
- **97**. A human monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment, or hybridoma or engineered cell producing the same, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment binds to norovirus capsid protein P domain and/or S domain.
- **98**. The human monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment, or hybridoma or engineered cell producing the same, of claim **97**, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment binds to norovirus capsid protein P domain but not norovirus capsid protein S domain.
- **99**. The human monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment, or hybridoma or engineered cell producing the same, of claim **97**, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment binds to norovirus capsid protein S domain but not norovirus capsid protein P domain.
- 100. The human monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment, or hybridoma or engineered cell producing the same, of claim 97, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment binds to norovirus capsid protein P domain P1 or P2 subdomain.
- 101. The human monoclonal antibody or antibody fragment, or hybridoma or engineered cell producing the same, of claim 97, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment is cross-reactive to multiple norovirus GI and/or GII strains.

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